A FEW WORDS FROM CHARLES BERLITZ WORLD FAMOUS LINGUIST

Let me introduce you to the cassette course you have chosen to study. In it you will find the basic phrases needed for communication in this language. There are two important things to remember about learning a new language:

Be interested in the people, their country and language. Want to learn the language.

Practice it as often as you can. Nothing is more effective in creating a friendly atmosphere and nothing flatters people more than when a foreigner tries to speak their language.

The voice on these cassettes will say a phrase in English. Then you will hear the translation of the phrase repeated twice. During the pause after the <u>second repetition</u>, repeat the phrase aloud. Try to imitate the pronunciation as nearly as you can.

Read the words as they are spoken on the cassette and use the guide to help you remember the words and pronounce them during the pauses. Remember, knowing the language is the best way of knowing the country and enjoying it more.

Charles Berlitz

Phrase Dictionary and Study Guide



LANGUAGE/30

Educational Services Washington, D.C.

Read the introduction before turning on cassette SIDE 1.

INTRODUCTION

Arabic is one of the world's most ancient languages. Originally spoken in the Arabian Peninsula in the seventh century, with the conquest of Islam, it spread throughout the Middle East and as far west as Spain. Today it is the native language of more than 192 million people in an area extending from western North Africa to the eastern borders of the Middle East, deep into Africa and along its coasts. Arabic is an official language of more than twenty nations, comparable in this multinational respect only to English, French, and Spanish. Arabic owes its cohesiveness to the Islamic religion through the Koran, the Holy Book of the Moslems. The Koran has exercised a unifying influence over the Arabic language wherever it is spoken, and has served likewise as a link to the Arab civilization of the Middle Ages. Most Moslems are quite familiar with Arabic, having studied it in order to read the Koran.

Spoken Arabic differs from country to country. A traveler who has learned spoken Arabic only in Saudi Arabia, or say, solely in Lebanon or Egypt, would have difficulty communicating with Arab speakers throughout the Middle East. Modern *literary* Arabic, however, is the language of the mass media, and is understood everywhere in the Arab world.

LANGUAGE/30 ARABIC teaches *universal* Arabic combining literary usages and spoken phrases which avoid country-specific idioms and word variations. This course furnishes you with basic phrases you need to communicate in standard Arabic—what you wish to say, and what you can expect to hear in reply. The phrases will enable you to make yourself understood so you can explain what you want and find your way about. They are short, easy to repeat and memorize, and are used by Arabic-speaking people many times every day.

The number of words and phrases employed in daily conversation is surprisingly small, and the vocabulary of this course

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includes and stresses these. Your repetition of these key phrases will give you an instinctive grasp of Arabic sentence structure and you can make your own sentences as you learn new words.

When you start the first cassette, you will hear phrases in English immediately translated into Arabic, repeated twice, and followed by a pause. During the pause, say the Arabic words aloud. *Remember*, you can always stop the cassette and repeat any phrase you feel unsure about. *Just listening is not enough*. You must repeat the words and phrases aloud as often as possible. Say the words many times to impress them on your memory. The Arabic is spoken at normal conversational speed and you should practice repeating at the same speed.

Testing has proven that a word *spoken* 10 to 20 times will impress itself on your subconscious mind more readily than a word *read* 50 to 100 times. When the two systems are combined, as in this course, you will be surprised at the ease with which you acquire a whole new vocabulary.

Arabic writing reads from right to left instead of left to right as in English. The beautiful Arabic script has been used over the centuries in art and architectural decoration for its delicate and ornamental calligraphy.

There are many words in English of Arabic origin. Some of these words date back to the days of the great Arab civilization of the Middle Ages. We must also include the Arabs' most important contribution to the West—the system of numbers, and especially the concept of zero.

Arabic words in English include algebra from al jabr (the reuniting); cipher from sifr (zero); admiral from amir al bahr (lord of the sea); alcohol from al kohl (antimony); hashish from hasheesh (dried grass); sheik from shaikh (chief or prince); harem from haraam (forbidden); coffee—qahwa; sugar—sukkar; camel—jamal; gazelle—ghazaal; and Sahara which simply means desert.

As you begin your study of the phrase sections, refer to the middle column showing the Arabic words and phrases spelled phonetically. The spelling uses systematic approximations of

Arabic vowels and consonants based on sounds familiar to the ear of the speaker of American English. These approximations should serve only as a guide to help you learn the sound system. The best way to perfect your pronunciation is to listen closely to the Arabic speaker. Stop the cassette as you go along, imitate, and repeat. Note that like sounds throughout the text will vary in pronunciation depending on adjacent sounds or even the social situation. Training your ear to detect these variations will sharpen not only your pronunciation skills but your understanding of spoken Arabic as well.

Now, start the cassette SIDE 1 and proceed with the text.

GENERAL EXPRESSIONS

GLINLKAL LAFRESS	ION3	
ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC
	SALUTATIONS	
Good morning, Hasan.	Sabaah alkhayr ya Hasan.	سباح الخ يريا حسن •
Good afternoon, Hasan.	Masaa' alkhayr ya Hasan.	مساء الخيريا حسن ا
How are you, Sir?	Kiif haalak ya sayyidi?	كيف حالك يا سيدى؟
How are you, Madame?	Kiif haalik ya sayyidati?	كيف حالك يا سيدتي ؟
How are you? (addressing a group of people)	Kiif haalkum ya jamaa ^c a	كيف حالكم يا جماعة ؟
Do you speak English?	Hal tatakallam ingliizi?	مل تتكلم الكليزى؟
Yes, a little.	Na ^c am, qaliilan.	نعم ، قليلا •
Please speak slowly.	Takallam shway shway min fadlak.	ئل م شوى شوى من فضلك •
I am very pleased to meet you.	Tsharrafna.	تشرفنا •
Thank you.	Shukran.	شكرا ٠
You are welcome.	^c afwan.	عغوا ٠
Please (addressing a man)	Min fadlak	ەن فضلك •
Please (addressing a woman)	Min fadlik	من فضلك ٠
Please (addressing a group)	Min fadlikum	من فضلكم ٠
Where are you staying?	Anta wayn naazil?	ابتوین بازل ؟
l am staying at the hotel.	Ana saakin fil'utiil.	انا ساكن في الاوتيل •
Good-bye	Ma ^c a ssalaama	مع السلامة •
Good-bye (response)	Allah isalmak	الله يسلك •

Please repeat.

Will you please visit

for breakfast?

for lunch?

for dinner?

with us on Sunday

VISITS AND INTRODUCTIONS		
Do you know him?	Hal ta¢rifu?	عل تعرفه ؟
Allow me to introduce	Ismahli acarrfak calayh	سمح لي أعرفك عليه
her	^c alayha	لهيله
May I ask who you are?	Miin hadirtak?	بين حضرتك ؟
Here is my card.	Tfadal karti.	غضل کرتي •
I am pleased to meet you.	Tsharraft bi-ma ^c riftak.	تشوفت بمعرفتك •
Are you Hasan?	Hadirtak sayyid Hasan?	حضرتك السيد حسن ؟
Where are you from?	Min wayn hadirtak?	من وين حضرتك ؟
I am from New York.	Ana min New York.	انا من نيويورك •
How is your son?	Kiif haal ibnak?	كيف حال ابنك ؟
daughter	ibnatak	ابنتك
family	^c a'iltak	عا ثلتك
father	waalidak	والدك
mother	ummak	امسك
husband	zawjik	زوجك
wife	zawjat ak	زوجتك
Do you speak English?	Hal tatakallam Ingliizi?	مل تتكلم اىكليزى ؟
Yes, a little.	Na ^c am, qaliilan.	نعـــم، قليلا ٠
l don't speak your language well.	Laa atakallam lughatak jayyidan.	لا اتكلم لغتك جيدا •
Please speak slowly.	Takallam shway shway min fadlak.	تكلم شوى شوى من فضلك •

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC
for coffee?	lilqahwa? lishshaay?	للقهوة ؟ للشاى ؟
Is Nabila at home?	Hal Nabiila mawjuuda?	هل لبيلة موجودة ؟
When will she be back?	Mata ta ^c uud?	متی تعود ؟
Please* (addressing a man)	Tafaddal	تفضل
Please (addressing a woman)	Tafaddali	تغضلي
Please (addressing a group)	Tafaddalu	تفضلوا
Would you like a cigarette?	Bitriid sigaara?	بترید سیجارة؟
May I offer you something to eat?	Turiid taakul?	ترید تشرب؟
drink	tashrab	ن ا کل
Do you like tea?	Bithib shaay?	بتحب شای ؟
I would like coffee.	'ahib qahwa.	احب قهوة ٠
Please say hello to	Tahiyyaati lil °aa'ila	تحياتي للعائلة
your family.	al-kariima.	الكريمة •
Please come again.	Sharrifuna daayman.	شرفونا دايما٠
Good-bye.	Bikhaatirkum.	بخاطركم •

^{*} When this expression is used with the appropriate gesture it may mean various things, such as: Please be seated; Please take this; Please come in; Please go before me; etc.

INQUIRIES ON THE STREET

Where is a pharmacy? policeman	Ween as-saydaliyya? ashshurti	وين الصيدلية؟ الشرطي
Is this the way to the	Ween tariiq	 وین طریق
market place?	issuu q?	آلسوق؟ آلسوق؟
airport	ilmataar?	المطار
bank	ilbank?	البيك
church	ilkaniisa?	الكنيسة

Marra thaanya min

yawm il'ahad

lilfutuur?

lilghadha?

lilcasha?

Bitsharrifna biziyaartak

fadlak.

مرة ثانية من فضلك

بتشرفنا بزيارتك يوم

الاحد للفطور ؟

للغذا ؟

للعشا ؟

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC
mosque American Embassy police station post office radio station railroad station	ilcami° Assafaara Al-amirkiyya markaz ishshurta markaz il-bariid mahatat il'idhaa°a mahatat ilqitaar	الجامع السفارة الاميركية مركز الشرطة مركز البريد محطة الاذاعة محطة القطار
Please show me this on the map	Ween haadha ^c alalkhaarita	وين هماذا على الخارطة؟
What is the name of the street?	Maa ism ishshaari' [©] ?	مااسـم الشارع؟
	EVERYDAY EXPRESSION	IS
Yes	Nacam	لعم
No	La	Y
Excuse me	cafwan	ع وا
Welcome (to this place)	Ahlan wa sahlan	اهلا وسهلا
Maybe	Yimkin	يـعكن
Certainly	Mu'akkad	مو ⁴ كد
Thank you.	Shukran.	شكرا •
I don't think so.	Ma azunnish.	ا اظیش∙
l am grateful.	Ana mutashakkir.	ایا متشکر۰
I am sorry.	Ana muta'assif.	ايا متأسف•
I don't know.	La adri	٧ أدرى٠
Good luck.	Allah ma¢ak.	الله معك ٠
Be careful.	Diir baalak.	دير بالك •
Can you get an interpreter?	Tiqdar tjiib turjumaan?	تقدر تجیب ترجمان ؟
What is this?	Ma haadha?	ط هذا ؟
Where is the toilet?	Ween bayt irraaha?	وين بيت الراحة؟
What are you doing?	Maadha ta ^c mal?	ياذا تعمل؟
Where are you going?	Ween raayih?	وین رایح ؟

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC
I am going to school.	Ana raayih lil madrasa.	انا رايح للعدرسة •
Where?	Ween?	وين ؟
Please write it.	Uktubha min fadlak.	اكتبها من فضلك ٠
Please draw a picture of it.	Ursumha min fadlak.	أرسمها من فضلك
Please wait until I come back.	Intazirni hatta arja¢.	انتظرني حتى ارجع
We will go right away.	Raayhiin haalan.	رايحين حالا
I should like to accompany you.	Ariid aruuh ma ^c ak.	ارىد اروح معك •
Which way shall we go?	Min ween inrauh?	من وين تروح ؟
We want to see the city.	Inriid inshuuf ilmadiina.	بريد بشوف العدينة
We must be back by eleven o'clock.	Laazim nirja° issaa°a hda°sh.	لازم ثرجع الساعة أحدى عشرة •
How much is it?	Kam iththaman?	كم الثمن ؟
Is the city far?	Ilmadiina basiida?	البدينة بعيدة؟
I am in a hurry.	Ana musta °jil.	ايا مستعجل ٠
This is the shortest way.	Haadhi aqsar tariiq.	هذه اقصر طريق٠
What a beautiful view.	Manzar jamiil.	منظر جعيل •
PERSONAL NEEDS		SIDE 2
	FOOD	
Where is the market?	Ween issuuq?	وين السوق؟
Where is the green- grocer?	Ween baayi ^o ilkhudra?	وين بالع الخضرة؟
Where is the butcher?	Ween illahhaam?	وين اللحام؟
l want to buy apples.	Ariid ashtari tuffaah.	ارید اشتری تفاح

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC
bananas	mooz	موز
beans	fasuulya	فاصوليا
beef steak	biftiik	بفتيك
beer	beera	بيرة
bread	khubz	خيسز
butter	zibda	زبد ة
cabbage	malfuuf	ملفوف
cake	ka¢k	كعك
candy	mlabbas	مليس
cheese	jibna	جبلة
cherries	karaz	کرز
chicken	dajaaj	د جا ج
chocolate	shukalaata	شوكلاً ته
coffee	qahwa	قهوة
cream	krema	كريما
dates	tamr	تبر
eggs	bayd	بيض
fish	samak	سيمك
grapes	cinab	عب
lamb	ghanam	غد_م
lemons	laymuun haamid	ليمون حامض
lentil soup	shurabat ^c adas	شورية عدس
lettuce	khass	خـس
mangoes	mango	مانجو
meat	lahma	مىما
milk	haliib	حليب
mineral water	may ma ^c daniyya	مي معديية
oranges	burtuqaal	برتقا ل
peaches	durraaq	د را ق
pears	injaas	الجاص
plums	khuukh	خوخ
potatoes	bataata	بطاطا
rice	ruz	ىز
soda water	suuda	سود ا
soup	shuraba	شوربا
string beans	fasuulya khadra	فصوليا خضرة
tea	shaay	شای
tomatoes	banaduura	بندورة
turnips	lift	لفت
vegetables	khudra	خضرة
water	may	بسي
	_	

AT THE AMUSEMENT PLACES		
Where is the movie theatre?	Ween issinama?	وين السينما ؟
This is a good seat.	Haadha mahal jayyid.	هذا محل جيد ٠
Did you buy the tickets?	Ishtarayt ittadhaakir?	اشترپت التذاكر ؟
What film is scheduled next week?	Shuu film ilusbuu¢ ilqaadim?	شو فيلم ا لا سبوع القادم ٢
Two seats, please.	Makaanayn min fadlak.	كانين من فضلك
Please reserve two tickets for Friday.	Ihjizli tadhkartayn min fadlak liyawm iljum°a.	احجز لي تذكرتهن من فضلك ليوم الجمعة •
At what time does the film begin?	Ay waqt byibda I film?	اى وقت يبدا الغيلم؟
Is it a comedy?	Film idahhik?	فيلم يضحك
Is it a tragedy?	Film yihazzin?	فيلم يحزن
Where is the playhouse?	Ween yilmasrah?	وين النسرح ؟
	AT THE HOTEL	
Where is the hotel?	Ween il'utiil?	ويسن الاوتيل؟
What is the rate per (day)?	Shu ssi ^c r liyawm waahid)?	شو السعر ليوم واحد ؟
week	li'usbuu¢ waahid	لاسبوع واحد
month	lishahr waahid	لشهر واحد
Have you a room with a bath or shower?	Fi ^c indak ghurfa ma ^c hammaam?	في عدك غرفة مع حمام؟
Have you an air-conditioned room?	Fi ¢indak ghurfa mubarrada?	في عدك غرفة مبردة؟
I want a better room. cheaper larger quieter	Ariid ghurfa <i>ahsan.</i> arkhas akbar ahda	ارید غرفة احسن ارخص اکبسر اهدا
smaller	asghar	اصغر

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC
Your name, please?	Al'ism min fadlak?	الاسم من فضلك ؟
Your age?	Assin?	السن ؟
Occupation?	Almihna?	المهنة؟
Destination?	Maqsad assafar?	مقصد السفر ؟
I am sleepy.	Ana na ^c saan.	انا نعسان
1 want bedding.	Ariid farsha.	ارید فرشة
hot water	mayy sukhna	مي سخدة
ice	thalj	تلَّج
cold water	mayy baarida	مي باردة
a lamp	daw	ضو
a pillow	mkhadda	مخسدة
soap	saabuun	صابون
toilet paper	waraq bayt irraaha	ورق بيت الراحة
a towel	bashkiir	بشكيو
another blanket	hraam thaani	ر حرام تا ني
Please wake me up	Min fadlak fayyiqni	من فضلك فيقني الساعة ـــــ
Where is the bathroom?	Ween ilhammaam?	وين الحمام ؟
barbershop	alhallaaq	الحلاق
hairdresser	alhallaaq	الحلاق
Please have these clothes washed.	Khuudh iththiyaab lilghasiil.	خوذ الثياب للغسيل
Ciotiles wastied.	ingnasiii.	
When can I have them back?	Mata yikhalasu?	متى يخلصوا
I want a key to my room.	Uriid muftaah lighurfati.	اريد مفتاح لغرفتي
I am going away tomorrow.	Ana msaafir ghadan.	ایا مسافرغدا
I want to speak to the manager.	Ariid atkallam mac ilmudiir.	اريد اتكلم معالمدير
Here is my address.	Haadha ^c inwaani.	مذا عواني

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC
Please forward my mail to my new address.	Min fadlak hawwil bariidi °ala °inwaani ijjdiid.	من فضلك حول بريدى على عواني الجديد
I shall return tomorrow.	Raaji¢ ghadan.	راجع غدا
Give me my bill, please.	A ^c tiini lihsaab min fadlak.	اعطيني الحساب من فضلك
Please call a taxi.	Utlubli taxi min fadlak.	اطلبلی تکسی من فضلك

AT THE RESTAURANT

Where is a good restaurant?	Ween fi mat ^c am jayyid?	وين في مطعم جيد ؟
We desire breakfast.	Ihna nriid <i>futuur.</i>	احنا نريد فطور
lunch	ghada	غدا
dinner	¢asha	اشد
May I see the menu?	Uriid laa'ihat il'akel?	اريد لائحة الاكل ؟
Please bring me	Min fadlak jiib li	من فضلك جب لى فنجان
a cup.	finjaan.	04-0
a fork	shawka	شوكة
a glass	kubbaaya	كباًية
a knife	sikkiina	سكينة
a plate	sahn	صحن
a spoon	malcaqa	ملعقة
some tea	waahid shaay	واحد شای
pepper	filfil	فلفل
salt	milh	ملتح
sugar	sukkar	سكسر
vinegar	khal	۔ خــل
bread and butter	khubz u zibda	خبزة وزبدة
Please bring me the bill.	Min fadlak lihsaab.	من فضلك الحساب

ENGLISH	PRONUN CIATIÓN	ARABIC
TIME, NUMBERS,	COLORS	SIDE 3
	DAYS OF THE WEEK	
Monday	Alithnayn	الافتين
Tuesday	Attalaata	ונאל
Wednesday	Alarba ^c a	لعناا
Thursday	Alkhamiis	الخيس
Friday	Aljum ^c a	الجمعة
Saturday	Assabt	السبت
Sunday	Alahad	الاحد
every day	kul yawm	کل یوم
today	ilyawm	اليوم
tomorrow	ghadan	غدا
yesterday	ams	ا س
this week	haadha l'usbuu¢	هذا الاسبوع
next week	al'usbuu¢ ilqaadim	الاسبوع القادم
last week	al'usbuu¢ ilmaadi	الاسبوع العاضي
I have been here three weeks.	Saar li huna thlaath asaabii°.	صارلي هنا ثلاثة اسابيع
	MONTHS OF THE YEAR	Ρ
January	Yanaayir	يناير
February	Fabraayir	فبراير
March	Maars	ما رس
April	Abriil	أبريل
May	Maayu	مايو
June	Yuunyu	يونهو
July	Yuulyu	يوليو
August	Aghustus	اغسطس
September	Sabtambar	سبتمبر

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATI ON	ARABIC
October	Uktuubar	اكتوبر
November	Nuufambar	نوفببر
December	Diisambar	ديسببر
this month	haadha shshahr	هذا الشهر
next month	ashshahr ilqaadim	الشهر القادم
last month	ashshahr ilmaadi	الشهر العاضي
Have you a calendar?	Fi ¢indak ruznaama?	في عدك روزنامة ؟
this year	haadhi ssana	هذه السنة
last year	as-sana l-maadya	السنة الماضية
next year	as-sana I-qaadima	السنة القادمة
	SEASONS—WEATHER	
season	mawsim	موسم
spring	ar-rabii ^c	الربيع
summer	as-sayf	الميف
Autumn	Al-khariif	الخريف
Winter	Ash-shitaa'	الشتاء
dry	naashif	يا شف
cold	baarid	بارد
hot	haar	حار
weather	attaqs	الطقس
How is the weather today?	Kiif attaqs ilyawm?	كيف الطقس اليوم ؟
What will the weather be tomorrow?	Kiif attaqs ghadan?	كيف الطقس غدا ؟
It will be fair.	attaqs raah yikuun jamiil	الطقسراح يكونواضح
cloudy	ghaa'im	غا ئم
cool	baarid	بارد
raining	mumtir	ممطر

mitlij

snowing

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIA TION	ARABIC
hailing	barad	برد
thundering	mircid	مرعد
lightning	mibriq	مبرق
windy	caasif	عاصف
humid	ratib	رطب '
a nice day	yawm jamiil	يوم جبيل
beautiful weather	taqs jamiil	طقسجييل
	TIME	
time	ilwaqt	الوقت
minute	daqiiqa	د قیقة
second	thaaniya	ئانية
hour	saa ^c a	ساعة
A.M.	Qabl Idhuhr	قبل الظهر
P.M.	Ba ^c d Idhuhr	بعد الظهر
one second	thaaniya	ئانية
two seconds	thaaniyatayn	ث ا بيتين
ten seconds	çashr thawaani	عشر ثواني
one hour	saa ^c a	ساعة
two hours	saa ^c atayn	سا عتين
five hours	khams saa¢aat	خسس ساعات
one minute	daqiiqa	د قیقة
ten minutes	cashr daqaa'iq	عشر دقائق
twenty minutes	^c ishriin daqiiqa	عشرين دقيقة
thirty minutes	thlaathiin daqiiqa	ثلاثين دقيقة
What time is it now?	Shu ssaa¢a l'aan?	شو الساعة الان ؟
t is nine o'clock	Ssaa¢a tis¢a	الساعة تسعة
t is twenty minutes before ten o'clock.	Ssaa ^c a ^c ashra illa thulth.	الساعة عشرة الاثلث
It is fifteen minutes after eleven o'clock.	Ssaa°a hda°sh u rub°a.	الســاعة حد عش وربع

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC
It is half past two	Ssaa¢a thnayn u nus.	الساعة تنين ونص
When can we meet?	Mata yumkin nitqaabal?	متى يىكن ئىقابل ؟
this morning	sabaah ilyawm	صباح اليوم ٠
this afternoon	ba°d idhuhr	بعد الظهر •
this evening	masaa' ilyawm	مساء اليوم •
at noon	adhuhr	الظهر ٠
later	ba¢diin	بعدين ٠
late	mut'akhkhir	متاً خـــر ٠
early	mubakkir	مېكر •
tomorrow morning.	bukra ssubh	بكرة الصبح •
right now.	haalan.	- الا
I came to your home	Jiit la°indak	جيت لعندك الصبح
this morning.	ssubh	J
this afternoon	ba¢d izzuhr	بعد الظهر
this evening	ilmasa	المسا
at noon	idhuhr	الظهر
at midnight	nuss Ilayl	نصالليل
early in the morning	ssubh baakir.	الصبح باكر
	NUMBERS	
1	waahid	وا حد
2	thnayn	اثنين
3	thalaatha	فلائة
4	arba ^c a	قعرا
5	khamsa	خمسة

ثمانية

sitta sab¢a

tisca

thamaanya

8

9

	ARABIC	PRONUNCIATION	ENGLISH
عشــرة		cashra	10
حد عش		hda°sh	11
تلعش		thnaesh	12
تلتعش		thalata¢sh	13
اربعتعش خمستعش		arba ^c ta ^c sh	14
خمستعش		khamista ° sh	15
عشريين		cishriin	20
واحد وعشرين		wahid-u ^c ishriin	21
تلين وعشرين		thnayn u ^e ishriin	22
ثلاثة وعشريين		thalaatha u ^e ishriin	23
فلاثين		thalaathiin	30
اربعين		arb ^e iin	40
خمسين		khamsiin	50
ستين		sittiin	60
سبعين		sabeiin	70
ثمانين		thamaaniin	80
تسعين		tis ^c iin	90
مية		miyya	100
الف		alf	1000

COLORS

What color is this?	Shu hal-lawn?	شو هاللون ؟
It is red.	Ahmar.	احسر
yellow	asfar	اصفر
blue	azraq	ازرق
white	abyad	أبيض
black	aswad	اسود
green	akhdar	اخضر بني
brown	bunni	ہني
gray	rmaadi	ر مادی

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC

COMMUNICATIONS

AT	THE	POST	OFFICE

mail	bariid	بريد
mail carrier	bustaaji	بوسطجي
Where is the post office?	Ween markiz ilbariid?	وين مركز البريد ؟
I want to send this registered.	Ariid irsaal haadha musajjal.	ارید ارسال هذا سمجل
air mail insured	bariid jaui mu'amman	بالطائرة بريد جوى نومين
Please give me postage stamps.	Actiini min fadlak tawaabic bariid.	أعطني من فضلك طوابع بريد -
post card	kart postaal	كوت بوستا ل
How much is the postage on this letter?	Qaddeesh tawaabic lihaadha Imaktuub?	قدیش طوا بع لهذا المکتوب ۲
This package contains books.	Arruzma tahtawi ^c ala kutub.	الرزية تحتوى طى كتب
toys	lu ^c ab	لعب
candy	hulwiyaat	حلويا ت
food	ta ^c aam	طعام
clothing	thiyaab	ث يا ب ٰ

AT THE TELEGRAPH STATION

I want to send a	Ariid irsaal barqiya	ارید ارسال برقیه
telegram to the	lilwilaayaat	للولايات المتحدة
U.S.A.	ilmuttahida	- ,
night letter	barqiya layliya	برقية ليلية
How much is it? Shuu ssicir?		شوالسعر ۴
When will it arrive?	Mata tasil?	متى تصل ؟

AT THE TELEPHONE

Where is the	Ween ittalifuun?	وين التلفون ؟
telephone?		0,000

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC
May I use your telephone?	Aqdar asta ^c mil talifuunak?	اقدر استعمل تلفونك ؟
Where is the telephone directory?	Ween daliil ittalifuun?	وين دليل التلفون ؟
Will you please get this number for me?	Mumkin tutlub hannumra?	مكن تطلب هالنمرة ؟
What number are you calling?	Ayy numra bitriid?	ای نمرة بترید ؟
Information, please.	Isti©laamaat, min fadlak.	استعلامات من فضلك •
	HANDLING MONEY	
Where is the bank?	Ween ilbank?	وين البنك ؟
Where is the money changer?	Ween issarraaf?	وين الصراف؟
Please change this into small money.	Usruf haadha, min fadlak.	اصرف هذا من فضلك
What is your rate of exchange?	Shuu si ^c r il ^c umle?	شو سعر العطة ؟
Do you sell traveler's checks?	cindak travelers shek?	عدك ترفلرز شيك ٩
	AT CUSTOMS	
Where is the customs official?	Ween daabit ilgumruk?	ويين ضابط الجمرك ؟
This is my baggage.	Haadhi aghraadi.	هذه اغراضي ٠
I have nothing to declare.	Ma fi shii asarrah biih.	ما في شي اصرح به ٠
This is not new.	Haadha ghiir jadiid.	هذا غير جديد٠
Is this duty free?	Fi dariiba °ala haadha?	في ضريبة على هذا ؟
May I lock my trunk?	Mumken asakkir sunduugi?	يمكن أسكر صندوقي ؟
my suitcase	shantati	شنطتي

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATI O N	ARABIC
TRANSPORTATION	1	
MI	EANS OF TRANSPORTA	TION
Where can 1 find a bicycle?	Ween ajid bisikleet?	وين اجد بيسيكليت؟
boat	zawraq	نورق
bus	bass	باص
car	sayyaara	سيارة
donkey	hmaar	حمار
horse	hsaan	حصان
mule	baghl	بغال
taxi	taxi	تكسى
camel	jamal	جملً
-	RAILWAY TRAVEL	SIDE 4
Where is the railway station?	Ween mahatat ilqitaar?	ين معطة القطار؟
Where is the	Ween maktab	اين مكتب الاستعلامات؟
information desk?	ilisti¢laamaat?	
How much is a first	Maa si¢r tadhkara	ا سعر تذكرة ذهاب واياب
class round trip	dhahaab wa iyaab	د رجة أولى ٢٠٠٠
ticket?	daraja uula?	د رجه اولی
to Beirut?	Libayruut?	بيسروت ؟
to Damascus	Lishshaam	للشام
to Bagdad	Libaghdaad	ليغدأد
to Tunis	Lituunis	لتونس؟
When does the train	Ay saaca yitrik qitaar	ای ساعة يترك قطار
for Alexandria	Iliskandariyya?	الاسكندرية ؟
depart?	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	. 40
Is this the train for	Haadha gitaar	مذا قطار الاسكندرية ؟
Alexandria?	Iliskandariyya?	ו מנו פשון וני שנוג ניי
Is this an express train?	Haadha ilqitaar issarii°?	مذا القطار السريع؟
Is there a sleeping car	Fi ¢arabiyyat nawn	في عربية نوم على هذا
on this train?	cala haadha iigitaar?	القطارع

Ittadkhiin masmuuh

huna?

Is smoking permitted

here?

التدخين مسموح هنا ؟

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC
What is the name of this place?	Ma ism haadha Imakaan?	ام اسم هذا الكان؟
How long does the train stay here?	flintizaar tawiif huna?	الانتظار طويل هنا ؟
Where is the exit to the street?	Ween ilmakhraj lishshaari¢?	وين المخرج للشارع؟
Take my baggage to the bus.	Ihmil il' ghraad Iilbaas.	احمل الاغراض للباص
taxi	littaxi	للتاكسي
	AT THE AIRPORT	
Where is the airport?	Ween ilmataar?	وين النطار ؟
How much does a taxi to the airport cost?	Ma si ^o r ittaxi lilmataar?	d سعرالتاكسي للمطار؟
Where is the ticket office?	Ween maktab ittadhaakir?	وين كتب التذاكر ؟
Where is the passport and customs checkpoint?	Ween maktab iljawaazaat wa lgumruk?	وين مركز الجوازات والجمرك ؟
What time does the plane for Istanbul depart?	Ay saa ^c a titrik ittayyaara Istambuul?	اى ساعة تترك الطيارة لاسطىبول ؟
What gate do I go to for the plane to Istanbul?	Ween il-baab litayyaarit Istambuul?	وين الباب لطيا رة اسطنبول ؟
How long will the flight for the U.S.A. be delayed?	Maa muddat itta'khir litayyaarit Amiirka?	ما مدة التآخير لطيا رة ابيركا ؟
Where is the restaurant?	Ween ilmat ^c am?	وين النطعم؟
E	DRIVING AN AUTOMO	BILE
Do you know the road to the South?	Ta ^e rif at-tariiq liljanuub?	تعرف الطريق للجنسوب؟

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC
Is the road good?	It-tariiq <i>jayyid?</i> sayyi'	الطريق جيد ؟ سيءُ
Is this road under construction?	Haadha ttariiq taht it-taslih?	مذا الطريق تحت التصليح
open to traffic	maftuuh lissayyaaraat.	هتوح للسيارات
Which way is North?	Ween ishshamaal?	وين الشمال ؟
South	Ifjanuub	الجنوب
East	ishsharq	الشرق
West	ilgharb	الغرب
What town does this	Li'ay balad bit-'addi	لای بلد بتادی مذہ
road lead to?	haadhi ttariiq?	الطريق؟
How many kilometers is it to Amman?	Kamm kiilo mitr li°ammaan?	كم كيلو متر لعمان ؟
Excuse me, 1 am lost,	Ana daayi°, saa¢idni	ايا ضائع، ساعدني
Please help me.	min fadlak.	من فضلك
Have you a map?	Ma ^c ak khaarta?	معك خارطة ؟
Can you guide me?	Tiqdar iddillni?	تقدرادلىي ؟
Can you find me a guide?	Tiqdar iddabbir li daliil?	تقدر اندبرلي دليل ٢
Please point.	Shiir li, min fadlak.	شير لي من فضلك
What place is this?	Ma haadha ilmakaan?	ط مذا المكان ؟
What is the name of this street?	Ma ism haadha ishshaari©?	طاسم هذاالشارع؟
Turn right.	Khudd yamiinak	خذ يعيلك
Turn left.	Khudd yasaarak.	خذ يسارك
Go straight ahead.	Imshi lquddaam.	امشى لقدام
Go back to the crossroad.	Irja ^e limafraq itturuq.	ارجع لغرق الطرق
Where is the village?	Ween ilqarya?	وين القرية ؟
there	hunaak	مناك
here	huna	منا

	ARABIC	PRONUNCIATION	ENGLISH
قريب		qariib	near
بعيد		ba¢iid	far
بعید جدا		ba ^c iid jiddan	very far
من منا		min huna	this way
من هناك		min hunaak	that way
ني کاراج قريب من	منا ؟	Fii garaaj qariib min huna?	Is there a garage near here?
محطة بنزين بلد مركز الشرطة		mahattat banziin	gasoline pump
بلد		balad	town
مركز الشرطة		markiz ishshurta	police station
بهو		nahr	river
بيسر		biir	well
محطة للقطار تلفون		mahatta lilqitaar	railroad station
تلفون		talifuu n	telephone

AUTOMOBILE MAINTENANCE

Where is a garage?	Ween fi garaaj?	وين يوجد كــاراج
Do you have parts for	Fi ^c indak qita ^c ghayaar	في عدك قطع غيار
this American car?	lisayyara Amirkiyya?	لسيارة اليركية ؟
Do you have a battery?	Fi cindak battaariyya?	في عدك بطارية ؟
a cable	shariit hadiidi	 شریط حدیدی
distilled water	maa muqattar	ما^ مقطر
gasoline	banziin	بنزين
grease	shahm	شحــم
an inner tube	dulaab kawtshuuk	د ولا ب كا وتشوك
a light bulb	lamba	لمبة
oil	zayt	زيت
a pump	minfaakh	منفاخ
spark plugs	spaark plag	سبارك بلج
a tire	kawtshuuk	كاوتشوك آ
tire patches	ruqa¢ duulaab	رفع د ولا ب
Where can I find a mechanic?	Ween ajid mikaniiki?	وين اجد بيكانيكي؟
I have a flat tire.	Dulaab ilkawtshuuk infajar.	دولاب الكاوتشوك انفجسر

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC
Will you please repair the tire?	Sallih id-dulaab min fadlak?	صلح الدولاب من فضلك
How much will the work cost?	Shuu si°r ittasliih?	شو سعر التصليح ؟
This car doesn't work.	Haadhi ssayyara ma timshiish.	هذه السيارة التشيش
When will it be ready?	Mata satakuun haadira?	متى ستكون حاضرة ؟
Thank you.	Shukran.	شکرا ۰

SOCIAL CUSTOMS AND POLITE EXPRESSIONS

The many Arabic words and phrases you have listened to on the cassettes and practiced saying can be varied to express all kinds of different meanings. Now you will be able to get along quite well in Arabic using the phrases you have learned in set patterns, without having to worry about grammar or sentence construction.

Besides these necessary words, however, there are other words—polite expressions and phrases that, spoken at the right time, will indicate that you know something about Arab culture. These are the "extra words" that Arabic-speaking people constantly use—that will stamp you as someone who understands and respects the social customs of the Arab countries. Use these "extra" words and people will think of you as polite, charming, or, as they say in Arabic latiif for a man or latiifa for a woman.

To say "I am happy to meet you" to a man, use the expression tasharafna bima-riftak, and to a woman tasharafna bima-riftik. "How are you?" to a man is Kayf haalak? and to a woman, Kiif haalik? "Very well, thank you" is Mabsuut, allaah issalmak, which literally means "Fine, thanks to God." You will often hear the greeting "Peace be with you"—Assalaamu calaykum and the reply "And on you peace"—Wa alaykum assalaam.

If you know a person's family and wish to send them your

regards, say, "My best regards to your family"—Tahiyaati lieaa'iltak. If you are invited somewhere you can accept by saying "With great pleasure"—Bikul Suruur. "Thanks for the invitation" is Shukran liddaewa. The expression "If God be willing"—insha' allah—is often added to any project regarding the future. It also has the meaning of "I hope so."

When visiting someone's home you will hear the expression "Welcome"—Ahlan wa sahlan or Marhaba. To admire someone's home you say, "What a beautiful home!"—Menzil gamiil! If you meet your host's young children you can exclaim, "What a charming child!"—Masha'allah, or "What beautiful children!"—whatever you are admiring and may be used, by itself, as a word of admiration.

When you are invited to dinner compliment your hostess by saying, "this is delicious"—haadha ladhidh jiddan. When you leave, remember to say, "it was very pleasant"—Mamnoon ktir, or "thank you for an excellent dinner"—Shukran eala leasha.

You should be ready to admire buildings, monuments, scenery, and so forth with remarks like "this is wonderful!"—Haadha eaziim jiddan! or "This is splendid!"—Haadha haa'il!

If you step in front of someone or must crowd into a seat next to a person, beg their pardon by saying, Muta'assif. The reply to this is "never mind"—cAfwan.

"To your health" is fi sahitak, but remember that alcohol is discouraged by Moslem religious practices. When a friend is going to a party or some other entertainment you say, "Have a good time!"—insharih! "Have a good trip" is Ma'assalaama, meaning "Go in safety," which is the same expression used by the host when a guest departs. The one leaving the house or other place says, Allah isalmak, meaning "God keep you in peace." Good luck" is Haz saeiid, and "congratulations!" is Mabruuk!

Certain idiomatic expressions can be used as informal greetings. "What's new?" is Shu akhbaarak. A general word for "greetings" is Salaam, which means "peace."

Arabic belongs to the Semitic language group, as do Hebrew, Aramaic, Syriac, Amharic, and several others. You will find, as you learn more and more Arabic, that there are some words that are almost the same as English and can easily be recognized once you get used to the Arabic pronunciation.

Listen to and read the following words and see how easy it is to recognize them. This time we will not give you their English meanings, but will pause after each word to give you time to repeat it in Arabic: ... taxi ... siinama ... bass ... mikaniiki ... and the following Arabic words exist in English: sheikh ... hariim ... ghazaal (gazelle).

Did you understand them all? Mumtaaz! which is Arabic for "very good!" You see, you already have a head start in Arabic.

IMPORTANT SIGNS

TWI OKITI SIGI	***	
ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC
Animals Crossing	Hayawaanaat	حيوانات
Bridge	Jisr	جسر
Careful	Intabih	التبه
Caution	Ihdhar	احذر
Closed	Muqfal	سقفل
Crossroad	Maqta ^c turuq	مقطع طرق
Danger	Khatar	خطر
Dangerous curve	Mun ^c ataf khatiir	معطف خطير
Dead end	Tariiq muqfal	ط ری ق ق فل
Detour	Incitaaf	العطاف
Do not enter	Mamnuuc addukhuul	مطوع التدخين
Emergency exit	Makhraj littawaari	مخرج للطوارىء
Entrance	Madkhal	مد خل
Exit	Makhraj	مخرج
Keep out	Ibqa khaarijan	ابق خارجا
Keep to left	Khudh yasaarak	خذ يمينك
Keep to right	Khudh yamiinak	خذ يسارك
Lavatory	Mirhaad	مرحاض
Left curve	Mun ^c ataf ila lyasaar	متعطف الى اليسار
Main road	Tariiq raiisi	طريق رئيسي
No admittance	Mamnuuc iddukhuul	مملوع الدخول
No motor vehicles	Mamnuu ^c muruur issayyaaraat	متلوع مرور السيارات
No parking	Mamnuu ^c ilwuquuf	منتوع الوقوف
No smoking	Mamnuu¢ ittadkhiin	منوع الانعطاف
No turn	Mamnuu ^c alin ^c itaaf	معلوع التدخين

ENGLISH	PRONUNCIATION	ARABIC
No vehicles	Mamnuu¢ muruur il¢arabaat	مطوع مرور العربات
No waiting	Mamnuu¢ ilintizaar	منوع الانتظار
One-way street	Shaari¢ bittijaah waahid	شارع ہاتجاہ واحد
Parking	Wuquuf	وقوف
Rest area	Istiraaha	استراحة
Right curve	Muncataf ila lyamiin	متعطف الى اليمين
Sharp turn	Mun ^c ataf haad	سعطف حا د
Slow	Tamahhal	تعهل
Speed limit	Assur ^c a Iquswa	السرعة القصوى
Stop	Gif	تف
Telephone	Haatif	ماتف
This way	Itba¢ haadha ttariiq	اتبع مذا الطريق
Traffic light	Ishaara kahrubaaiya	اشارة كهربائية
Two-way street	Shaari¢ bittijaahayn	شارع با تجا هين
Unpaved passable road	Tariiq mucabbada	طريق معبدة
Weight limit 5 tons	lwazn ilaqsa khams atnaan	وزن الاقصى خس اطنان